

令和 8 年 度

久留米大学大学院医学研究科修士課程 前期入学試験解答

総合生命科学・バイオ統計学専攻 バイオ統計学群(英語)

【 全 2 - 1 】

1. Suppose that the maximum value of function $f(x) = -2x^2 + 8x + k$ ($1 \leq x \leq 5$) is 4.

- (a) Find the value of the constant k .
(b) Find the minimum value of the function $f(x)$.
(c) Calculate the area bounded by the parabola $y = f(x)$ and the line $y = 2$.

(a) $f(x) = -2(x^2 - 4x) + k = -2(x - 2)^2 + k + 8$ より

$1 \leq x \leq 5$ における $f(x)$ の最大値は $f(2) = k + 8$

$k + 8 = 4$ より $k = -4$

(b) $k = -4$ より $f(x) = -2x^2 + 8x - 4$

$1 \leq x \leq 5$ における $f(x)$ の最小値は

$$f(5) = -2 \times 5^2 + 8 \times 5 - 4 = -50 + 40 - 4 = -14$$

(c) $y = f(x)$ と $y = 2$ で囲まれた領域について、 x の範囲を求める。

$$-2x^2 + 8x - 4 = 2$$

整理して $x^2 - 4x + 3 = 0$ x について解くと $x = 1, 3$

よって求める面積は

$$\begin{aligned} S &= \int_1^3 (-2x^2 + 8x - 6) dx = \left[-\frac{2}{3}x^3 + 4x^2 - 6x \right]_1^3 = -\frac{2}{3}(3^3 - 1) + 4(3^2 - 1) - 6(3 - 1) \\ &= -\frac{2}{3} \times 26 + 4 \times 8 - 6 \times 2 = \frac{8}{3} \end{aligned}$$

2. Two players A and B, will play a tennis match. The one who wins 3 sets first will be the winner of the match. Assuming that the probability of A winning a set over B is $2/3$, find the probability for each of the following events.

- (a) A wins the match in the 3rd set.
(b) A wins the match in the 4th set.
(c) A wins.

(a) $\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 = \frac{8}{27}$

(b) ${}^3C_1 \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{3} = \frac{8}{27}$

(c) The probability that A wins in the 5th set is ${}^4C_3 \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 \cdot \frac{2}{3} = \frac{16}{81}$.

Thus, the probability that A wins is $\frac{8}{27} + \frac{8}{27} + \frac{16}{81} = \frac{64}{81}$.

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【 全 2 - 2 】

3. In a math class, the exam results show an average score of 42 points and a variance of 18.
- (a) If 30 points are added to each student's score, what will be the new average score and variance for the class?
- (b) If each student's score is doubled, what will be the new average score and variance for the class?
- (c) If we subtract the class average (42) from each student's score and then ~~divide~~ the result is divided by the square root of the variance ($\sqrt{18}$), what will be the new average score and variance?

[Note] Assuming the students' scores are $x_1, \dots, x_n$, then the variance is defined as $\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2$ where $\bar{x} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i$ is the average score.

- (a) The average increases by 30 points, and the variance does not change (18).
- (b) The average is $42 \times 2 = 84$, and the variance is $18 \times 2^2 = 72$.
- (c) The average is 0 and the variance is 1.

4. Solve the following problems.

- (a) Find the value.

$$\sqrt[3]{3} \times \sqrt[3]{243}$$

- (b) Find the value.

$$(\log_3 125 + \log_9 5)(\log_{25} 3 + \log_5 9)$$

- (c) Solve the following equation.

$$2 + \log_5 x = (\log_5 x)^2$$

- (a)

$$\sqrt[3]{3} \times \sqrt[3]{243} = 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \times 3^{\frac{5}{3}} = 3^2 = 9$$

- (b)

$$\begin{aligned} (\log_3 125 + \log_9 5)(\log_{25} 3 + \log_5 9) &= \left(\log_3 5^3 + \frac{\log_3 5}{\log_3 9} \right) \left(\frac{\log_5 3}{\log_5 25} + \log_5 3^2 \right) \\ &= \left(3 \log_3 5 + \frac{\log_3 5}{2} \right) \left(\frac{\log_5 3}{2} + 2 \log_5 3 \right) \\ &= \frac{7}{2} \log_3 5 \times \frac{5 \log_3 3}{2 \log_3 5} = \frac{35}{4} \end{aligned}$$

- (c)

対数の真数条件より $x > 0$

$\log_5 x = t$ とおくと、 $2 + t = t^2$ より $t^2 - t - 2 = 0$

$$(t - 2)(t + 1) = 0$$

$$t = -1, 2$$

$t = -1$ のとき、 $\log_5 x = -1$ より $x = 5^{-1} = \frac{1}{5}$

$t = 2$ のとき、 $\log_5 x = 2$ より $x = 5^2 = 25$

これらは $x > 0$ を満たす。

よって $x = \frac{1}{5}, 25$